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A PERIODICAL DEVOTED TO
RELIGION, EDUCATION, BIBLICAL AND
JEWISH ANTIQUITIES, LITERATURE
AND GENERAL NEWS.

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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All communications to be addressed to "Entrops THE GLEANER."

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

INTERLOCUTOR.—The prosecution for blasphemy that your inquiry refers to, occured at Dublin, in 1691. Thomas Emlyn, a native of Liucolnshire, was brought up as a dissenting minister, and served as assistant to Rev. Joseph Boyce, but was shortly thereafter interdicted from his pastoral duties on suspicion of Arianism. His humble inquiry into the scriptural account of Jesus Christ, brought on him a prosecution for blasphemy, and he was heavily fined and imprisoned. On his release he removed to London, where he died in 1743. He possessed an unimperchable and amiable character, and was on very friendly and intimate terms with Doctors Clarke, Whiston, and other eminent men. His works are very interesting.

QUERIST.—Conficius, the great Chinese philosopher, was born 550 B. C. in the kingdom of "Lu," and died at the age of 73. He was the most learned and virtuous man of his age, and labored strenuously in reforming his countrymen. His memory, and the moral works which he wrote, are held in the highest veneration by the Chinese.

STOCKTON STREET.—Your articles have been collected together turning them, in any other than a personal manner.

ABRACADABRA. If you will place us in possession of the remaining portion, we will insert it, in series as you desire; also inform us of the address.

TEACHER.-By favoring us with a call, your interrogatories can be answered much better than than through this col-

V. W.—Your late epistles shall be fully replied to by next mail (if not by todays.) Duplicate copies of back numbers have been forwarded, as designated in so "marked" a manner.





Your Fathers, Where Are They.

Where are they, who a few short years ago Peopled this busy world, and in the strife Of human toil and passion, joy and woe, Discussed their parts upon the stage of life? All, all departed, while their hopes and tears Lie buried in the abyss of by gone years.

They sojourned here, and in this changing

Passed the brief moments of their fleeting day, As shadows flit across the mountain strea Rest for a little while, then pass away. So mortal man, his earthly mission o'er, Slips from the platform, and is seen no more. Where is the beating heart that throbbed with

Bounded with joy, or burned with zealous ire, The enterprising mind, the active brain, Wild and insatiate in their vast desire-Where are they now? go ask the silent earth, Who bore them on her breast, and gave them

Where lies the statesman-he whose giant

Planned its vast schemes of enterprise and

Who left his meaner fellows far behind, And smiled upon them from his dizzy height?
To quell, thy ferce, Oh death! his glowing

Of fire and eloquence alike were vain.

Where the proud warrior, who, with flashing

Marshalled his horse upon the tented plain, Then led them forth to fame and victory, And waved his laurels o'er the valiant slain? His aim is powerless now; a nation weeps; How in his narrow bed a hero sleeps.

The hoary miser, gloating o'er his gold, Must leave his hoarded treasure, and depart; Though vast his glittering store, his wealth uptold.

The shaft of death must quiver in his heart, Gold cannot purchase life, death takes no bribe, But claims his prey from state and tribe.

Beauty must fade before thy chilling breath. And talent wither when thy form appears. Great arbiter of life! relentless death! The same grim tyrant through unnumbered

No throb of pity moves thine icy heart, When thy stern voice exclaims, depart, depart But amidst change and death God does not

ugh all else perisb, man shall never die

Death is the door, dark as it seems and strange For death, he gave us immortality. This hope shall us cheer through life's shadowy

And glide the shrouded portal of the tomb.

GALIFORNIA GONTHEEUTION

ORIGINAL.]

Esther De Vries: Or. Gem of the Occident.

CHAPTER XXII.

Spring now came, and we perceive scarcely any change. Esther still received the attentions of Salvator, and it is the general belief that Vivian was no longer even thought of, but such was not the case. Scarcely a mail arrived from San Francisco without prayers from Esther, that there was a letter from him yet he had written but twice directly to her, and those were precisely worded as a Brother's epistle should be—to Madame De Vries; how-ever he wrote more lengthily and inquiringly, and always added a postscript though terse as to language, yet deep and full of meaning. Such were always, however, penned upon a supplemental strip of paper, and Esther had no knowledge thereof, nor did she ever surmise that she had not seen all he wrote. One of these postscripts was as follows :- " How does my sister, has the truth of our relationship obliterated even its affection-has she to struggle hard in order to cause the peculiar hope of ealling her heart's idol-her husband, to become callous, or yield to the different kind of love, the theoretical one to her, and educated one to others-a sister's affection, does she speak with wonder as to such, I mean does she sigh to know by experience a brother's love, or does she express it as an heartfelt wish, to have the brother by her side, that she may learn thereby what the tie is. Can it be possible that so soon she is enabled to transfer an idolatry recently lavished upon one, to another being? Heaven grant her forgetfulness although my heart and soul cannot conceive it. Reply as promptly as ever to yours Vivian."

There was an incident occured one evening which might be considered too trifling to note herein, were it not that based thereupon Salvator spoke. The partaking of refreshments had interrupted the dance, and we behold the heauty and fashion of the town. One from among Esther's many suitors begged her attention to a motto, which he handed and which of course she read; then care essly laid it down. Salvator noticed it and, taking it from her plate, scanned its words and, folding it, remarked as he desired her, while accepting what he held in his hand, her answer. She laughingly replied :- " Certainly, if you will receive this as a response," giving him at the ame time one that she had just selected. He agreed to this, firmly believing she had at all events seen him take up the one that had been presented to her, if not purposely throwing it on her plate, that he might take it up, read and give to her.

He cagerly unfolded and read the motto

its substance was :- " Declare your love-fear not the result," and was an excellent response to that of his. Reader, upon this hint, or triffing incident, Salvator spoke.

We need not detail the tete-a-tete that shortly thereafter took place, but will proceed at once to the interesting portion—the avowal.

Esther had very indifferently and coldly replied to several interrogatories, and he therefore remarked: "Did I not say that alm invariably a lady was apt to portray indif ence immediately upon becoming convinced that she was beloved—Well, be it so, act and speak to me as you please have the heart so to do"-

"I have heretofore," said she, interrupting him, "more than once, I am sure, told you that I have no heart left, then why so repeatedly give utterance to the words, if you have

the heart so to do."

"Esther De Vries, will you listen but for a single moment, and if I dare demand your attention, I do so now upon an issue that to me is essentially necessary for my peace of mind." She slightly inclined her head in token of attention, and he continued :- "At times I feel confident of your regard-esteem, and sometimes, only sometimes I imagine my love is returned, may, start not, for I am free to own-1 love, adore, worship thee, is it too much to believe that in return I have been the recipient of a love that, upon being assured of its repercussive thrill in a tenfold magnitude, has portrayed itself by acknowledged actions, and during my calm hours of reflection have, after deep analysis, assured myself your heart was evinced through such-Oh! lady if you love-be not silent-one word-a look then, and I shall be content, but the suspense and doubt which have tortured me for months, I can no longer bearwearisome days, sleepless nights, and a dreamy visionary feeling has pervaded my existence to an extent that, do what I would, think, speak or read where I might, sleeping or awake, thy image has ever been before me, and so vividly, that I have at times actually stretched forth my hand to greet, what for the moment appeared to be thine ownself in actual person before me-speak-look at me Kether

She moved not, scarcely did Esther breathe-what was the matter !-- no sigh or tear, no look-not a word-not a syllable? perhaps she never dreamt he loved her, or she, loving him not, had never questioned herself as to whether or not he was fond of her, were his attentions those of love, had she thought she loved yet, now beheld the fatal error-she had no heart to give?

'Twas so! Esther had until this very instant been confident, that she loved Grachio Salvator; she was not the coquette that you imagine! she had not the "heart left;" to purposely act in any pre-

concerted or maneuvering manner-her soul was with Vivian, yet the mind had so willed and checked its throbbings that, identifying or imbuing her spirit with the sad reality he was her brother, she had too suddenly persuaded herself her heart was recovered, and ready to be bestowed upon any other whose homage or affection was worth her consideration and the bestowal of her hand; but Salvator's plain avowal-and unmistakeable acknowledg. ment of a love that she certainly had perceived for some time prior, developed the truth-yes! the truth namely, that there are minds whose power of argument and reasoning, or tutoring, if you will, which are so powerful that the very innermost chords or fibres of the heart are apparently controlled-we say controlled, yet wish to be understood to mean, so far mastered that our mind, the spirit of reason will not concede or ack nowledge for even a single instant that it beats or thrills for one person-objectaim-or inclination, yet if its vitality be touched by that which alone can reach its dormant calmness,-behold the result!

Salvator, for some moments, was bewildered, but soon he construed her silence correctly.

"Esther, you do not love me-I discern an inward struggle that has imparted even to your own hitherto unknown on, a truth—solemn and life-long— I forgive you—and adore you still the more, for I see you are not the cold-hearted woman I often thought you. You loved De Carvalho once, the heart you gave him is still beyond thy control-he is thy brother, yet thy heart feels towards him the same as when thou knew'st not the fact. Only smile on me-recover thy mind, be thyself, stare not thus wildly, believe me, thou hast done me no harm, thou thought'st thy heart was becoming mine, yet knew not thyself-the blow is heavy, life-long perhaps-yet sister, Oh sister look up!"

His entreaties and expostulations are vain; the heart of Esther De Vries had broken, its tendrils had snapped asunder, its vibrations had too suddenly been awakened by the earnest, truthful, and soul-thrilling declaration which she had frequently expected, yet not till then knew where her whole soul was, and that love—aye love never! never! dies, but extends to the boundless realms of eternity!

No little confusion occured while Esther was conveyed to her room, and physicians immediately summoned. Here eyes remained open—fixed—aye rivetted at vacancy, if we may be allowed to use the term—her countenance (ghastly) pale, in fact, she scarcely breathed—to use the medical gentlemens' own words, "she is not dying, but evidently is dead"—and so she was to all and every thing around her.

[TO BE CONTINEED.]

A TREMENDOUS IDEA.—A member of Acadamie des Sciences of Paris, who is also an eminent chemist, has invented an apparatus which he thinks will enable human beings to breathe as freely at the bottom of the sea as on the surface of the earth. He proposes to form an association for collecting all the treasures now lying at the bottom of the ocean, and estimated at about £800,000,000 sterling, the harvest to be gleaned on the route between England and India alone.

Mount Messenger.

A MONUMENT TO A NEGRO.—The students of Howard College, Alabama, inaugurated a monument to the memory of Harry, a slave of the President of the College, who when the building burned down in 1855, refused to leave until all the students had been gotten out and lost his life.

Vision of Thespesios.

One of the most remarkable visions is recorded to us by Plutarch which, for its singularity and moral effect, will be read with interest. The case, like those of similar nature, does not stand isolated; modern history has furnished us analogous instances of which we gave relations in our first volume:

"Thespesios of Soli, lived at first very prodigally and profligately; but afterward, when he had spent all his property, necessity induced him to have recourse to the basest methods for a subsistence. There was nothing, however vile, which he abstained from, if it only brought him in money; and thus he again amassed a considerable sum, but fell at the same time into the worst repute for his villany. That which contributed the most to this, was a prediction of the god Amphilochus: for having applied to this deity to know whether he would spend the rest of his life in a better manner, he received for answer, "that he would never mend till he died." And so it really happened, in a certain sense; for not long afterward, he fell down from an eminence upon his neck, though he received no wound, yet he died in consequence of the fall. But three days afterward, when he was about to be interred, he received strength, and came to himself. A wonderful change now took place in his conduct, for the Cilicians know no one who at that time was more conscientious in business, devout toward God, terrible to his foes, or faithful to his friends; so that those who associated with him wished to learn the cause of this change; justly supposing that such an alteration of conduct, from the greatest baseness to sentiments so noble, could not have come of itself. And so it really was, as he himself related to Protogenus, and other judicious friends.

"When his rational soul left the body, e felt like a pilot hurled out of his ves sel into the depths of the sea. He then raised himself up, and his whole being seemed on a sudden to breathe, and to look about it on every side, as if the soul had been all eye. He saw nothing of the previous objects; but beheld the enormous stars at an immense distance from each other, endowed with admirable radiance, and uttering wonderful sounds; while his soul glided gently and easily along, borne by a stream of light in every direction. In his narrative, he passed over what he saw besides, and merely said, that he perceived the souls of those that were just departed, rising up from the earth; they formed a luminous kind of bubble, and when this burst, the soul placidly came forth, glorious, and in human form. The souls, however, had not all the same motion; some soared upward with wonderful ease, and instantaneously ascended to the heights: others whirled about like spindles; sometimes rising upward, and sometimes sinking downward, having a mixed and disturbed motion. He was unacquainted with the most of them, but recognised two or three of his relatives. He drew near to them; and wished to speak with them, but they did not hear him, for they were not wholy themselves, but in a state of insensibility, and avoiding every touch; they turned around, first alone in a circle, then as they met with others in a similiar condition, they moved about with them in all directions, emitting indistinct tones, like rejoicing mixed with lamentation. Others again appeared in the heights above, shin-ing brilliantly, and affectionately uniting with each other, but fleeing the restless souls above described. In this place he also saw the soul of another of his relatives, but not very perceptibly, for it had died while a child. The latter, however, approaching him said, Welcome, Thes-On his answering that his name was not Thespesios, but Aridaios, it replied, It is true, thou didst formerly bear that name, but henceforth thou art called Thespesios. Thou art, however, not yet dead, but by a particular providence of the gods art come hither in thy ration al spirit; but thou hast left the other soul behind, as an anchor in the body. At present, and in future, be it a sign by which thou mayest distinguish thyself from those that are really dead, that the souls of the deceased no longer cast a

shadow, and are able to look steadfastly at the light above without being dazzled. On this, the soul in question conducted Thespesios through all parts of the other world, and explained to him the mysterious dealings and government of Divine Justice; why many are punished in this life, while others are not; and showed him also every species of punishment to which the wicked are subject hereafter. He viewed everything with holy awe; and after having beheld all this as a spectator, he was at length seized with dreadful horror when on the point of departing, for a temale form of wondrous size and appearance laid hold of him, just as he was going to hasten away, and said. 'Come hither, in order that thou mayest the better remember everything!' And with that she drew forth a burning rod, such as the painters usn, when another hindered her, and delivered him; while he, as if suddenly impelled forward by a violent gale of wind, sank back at once into his body, and came to life again at the place of interment."

Looseness of the Bowels.

This disease is unattended with any fever. It generally prevails among persons of weakly constitutions; persons advanced in years, and those who have lived intemperataly. Many are naturally or constitutionally of this habit of body; and others are subject to its attacks on the slightest cold or exposure which at all affects their bowels. The appearance of the excrement in this disease is very different at times, depending very much on the food, and the manner in which it agrees or disagrees with the stomach and bowels; sometimes, and not unfrequently, it is produced by worms.

REMEDIES .- First: give an emetic in the morning; and at night, for a grown person give a large dose of caster oil, with thirty-five drops of laudanum in it; but always lessen the dose in proportion to the age of the patient. Next, a passage is to be produced daily by the use of castor oil. When griping attends the complaint, warm garden mint stewed, and placed over the stomach and bowels, will give relief. When the disease has been brought on by cold, or sudden stoppages of the perspir ation, use the warm bath, and take some snake root tea, so as to produce a determination to the surface; that is, a gentle moistuse on the skin. This troublesome complaint frequently continues on many persons through life: such persons should be particular as to what they est, and avoid everything that disagrees with their stomach and bowels, always taking care to defend their feet against the damp and cold, and wear flannel next to their skin. Friction, or rubbing the whole body every day with a brush, particularly over the region of the stomach, liver and bowels, will be of much service. Old French brandy, taken in moderation, and well diluted with water, is a good remedy. (I hope you do not understand me to advise you to take some brandy daily; if you do you are mistaken, and you will effect no good; for, if you take any medicine daily, your system grows used to it, and instead of a useful remedy, you are the slave of a perni-cious habit. Then, again, when I say brandy, I mean the genuine French liquor; you must be careful not to get the poisonous drugs of our groggeries.)

When worms are presumed to have any influence in producing this disease, which may be suspected from a fetid or offensive breath, the case is to be treated for worms, of which I shall speak another time.

When the complaint arises from weakness, opium will be found highly important in restraining its excesses and removing the debity. By using injections of slippery elm, or those made of common starch and warm water musch benefit will result by cooling the bowel and allaying the irritation which always exists in this disease.

Past scenes are generally recollected with a solemn sadness, caused by the thought that the time is gone which will never return. Our days must be well and profitably spent if we would remember them with pleasure.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS and ornamental learning are sometimes acquired at the expense of usefulness. The tree which grows the tallest, and is most thickly clothed with leaves, is not the best bearer, but rather the contrary.

A contended mind is an inestimable treasure.

Longevity of Literary Men.—The concluding lectures of the series of Smithsonian lectures delivered by Dr. Wyne was confined to the effect of leisure and literary employment upon the duration of life, the lecturer drew his example of a life of leisure chiefly from English records, which embrace a class among the English nobility who are placed above the necessity for labor and are necessarily freed from the ordinary stimulants which in the usual walks of life move men to exertion.

Until within the last few years the members of noble families were supposed to be placed in circumstances highly favorable to longevity; but carefully collected facts, derived from the most authentic sources, by Professor Guy, of King's College. London, showed that with a few rare exceptions, such as those of Sir Ralph de Vernon, who is said to have attained the age of one hundred and fifty years, and three Misses Legge descendants of the Earl of Dartmouth, two of whom died at one hundred and five and one at one hundred and eleven; the duration of life was less among them than in any other class, and far below those embraced in the list of friendly societies, made up entirely of the working classes. Of the members of the priviliged classes of England, kings were found to have the shortest length of life, next, peers of the realm, then expectants of titles, and highest in the list those of noblemen whose grade of title placed them nearest the mass of the whole population. From this it would appear that labor formed an essential requisite in producing those conditions necessary to a length of days, and that those who were placed above its contingencies were rather to be pitied than envied.

Among those who were embraced in the literary class were some who, like natural philosophers, generally attained great length of days, and others, as poets, in which duration of life appeared to be short. Between these two classes were many grades whose position in the scale was generally defined by the absence or presence of the imaginative faculties in the production of their works. As a general rule, the calm and exalted studies of the philosopher, although often severe, were found to be favorable to longevity, while the development of that imaginative faculty by means of which the poet was enabled to weave his conceptions into verse was found to abridge its

In addition to the effect produced by different species of literary labor upon their prosecutors, there was no doubt that individual peculiarities had much to do with inducing a favorable or unfavorable result. This was especially the case with poets, who were, as a class, men of irregular lives. The instances of Burns, Cowper, Beattie and Byron, were cited examples of his position, and many of their personal peculiarities were detailed, showing them to have lived either in a State of great excitement or of the deepest melancholy.

The series of lectures just closed embraced a vast fund of valuable information upon an important and hitherto neg lected subject, and was listened to by the audience with great attention. They furnish a substantial contribution to science, and manifest the practical value of the institution under whose auspices they had been given to the public.

A RESERVED merit gives at once a dispesition to respect and hatred, and an affable merit a disposition to love and contempt. DIR Mus

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ent to any part of the city free of charg and at the shortest notice.

N. B. J. Goldsmith is the Shochet. feb12-G&Vam

בשר

The MEAT properly killed and inspected is to be had only at the following places:

S. LEVI, S. LEVI, D. WOOLF, Y. ABRAHAMS, M. BEUK. L. GOLDSMITH.

March 19, 1858.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Sign of the Mammoth Boot. M. GUERIN,

Indies', Misses', Gents', Boys' and Childrens'
BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS, Morth-West Corner of Battery and Com Street, San Francisco-A full supply of Benkert & Courad's Philadelp

BOARDNG HOUSES, &c.

To our friends in the country and in the Atla

St. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

THE UNDERSIGNED (WELL KNOWN FOR THEIR expereince,) have fitted up this splendid building with especial regard to the comfort and convenience of both transient and permanent Boarders and Lodgers.

The St. Nicholas is the permanent residence of many Families, to whom it has become endeared as a HOLE: consequently travellers stopping at this house are favored with the pleasures of good society—a desideratum seldom found in a hotel.

The table is well supplied with every delicacy. The House is open at all hours,

A coach will always be in attendance to convey guests to and from the boats.

e boats. REGENSDURGER & STERN.

NEW YORK HOTEL.

Battery and Commercial Streets
SAN FRANCISCO. BACHMAN & ELSASSER, PROPRIETORS.

Removal. M RS. STODOLE, Private Boarding and Lodging House
thas removed from Sansome to 122 Commercial-st
between Montgomery and Leidsdorf.
Mrs. Stodole will be happy to accommodate her cus
tomers as herelofore.

feb12-G1m

Private Boarding.

No. 18 Sansome Street, Opposite the Rassette House.

THE undersigned is prepared to accommodate he friends with suitable Rooms, with or without Board-fentlemen can partake of Dinner only if it is preferred, feb12-3m



No. 14, Sansome street, opposite the Rassette House THE PROPRIETOE begs leave to inform he the public that he has recently opened the formerly kept by Mr. Goldamith: The House gone a thorough renovation, and no pales will make it a comfortable Home to those who we with their patronage.

Mr. A. being too well known community, there is no need for any the table.

Steckler's Exchange. 66 Sansome_street, between California and Pine.

Private Boarding.

The Proprietor begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has recently opened the above House, and renovated the same throughout. No pains will be spared to render this Establishment a complete home to those

will honor him with their patronage. Mr. S. and Lady being well known, there is no need for mments as to the domestic comfort of the Boarders being invariably considered. feblg_G3m

AUG. J. SAULMAN.

F. L. LAURNSTEIN

SAULMANN'S

-{ COFFEE SALOON, } GERMAN BAKERY, AND CONFECTIONARY, Armory Hall Building,

No. 128 Montgomery Street, corner of Sacramento, SAN FRANCISCO. AGENCY FOR RUSSIAN CAVIAR

RARE OPPORTUNITY FAMILIES to purchase good and cheap GROCERIES

well known WASHINGTON GROCERY, WASHINGTON STREET No. 137, nust be cleared from this date to the first of April, on secount of the building being torn down

The goods want no recommendation; the prices usually cheap, will be reduced to the utmost limits. numerous custon ers and thers, are postely invited to give us a call, at an early day.

Weddings, Ceremonies, Balls, Parties.

EIC. EIC. EIC.

ORDERS FOR CONFECTIONARY, PASTRY, JEL-LIES, CREAMS etc. or Weddings, Geremenics Re-

SAULMANN. -ARMORY HALL BUILDING,-

No. 128 Montgomery Street, Who will furnish Families, Boarding Houses, and Hotels with all articles usually sold in a Bakery and Confectionary Store, of a superior quality, on reasonable terms, and the shortest notice.

His long residence and extended custom is su warranty of the superiority of his productions. 1781-1

> J. SELIGMAN & CO., Importers of

DRY GOODS, Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c., No. 71 California.street.

as also by steamer, which we offer at the lowest whole market prices.

Che Beekly Gleaner,

FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1858, (5618.)

hard Sumon, of Portland, is our Agent for Ore-ory, and is hereby authorized ess pertaining hereto. ents and transact all b ret that his recent business arrangements are that his recent business arrangements are been compelled to desire the appointing of Oincinnati ents are such that

Mr. Isaac E. Hackenburg, of Cincinnati, is our athorized Agent for the States of Ohio and Kentucky.

Mr. John L. Woolf, of St. Louis, is our authorized

ore, is our authorized Agent for

Mr. Moses Mitchell, of Philadelphia, is authorized to ac

J. ECKMAN & CO.

Religious Instruction.

We would inform parents and guardians that our Scho or Beligious Instruction, which circumstances compelle s to suspend during the holidays, will be resumed on the small days and hours: namely, Saturdays and Sundays, ock; Tuesdays and Thursdays, at 4 o clock. our Ohlidren are invited to attend. ns, 138 Clay_street, (Nos. 6 & 7.)

The Jews of Persia.

The deplotable state of the Jews in Persia, has at last drawn the attention of the English government upon the sufferers. We, again, express our hope, that the influence which English humanity will exert upon them, will not only alleviate their present distress, but will conto their general improvement and In addition what we furnished in our 18th number, relative to the Jews of Persia, we copy the following from Jenk's History of the Jews. The author, after quoting from Wolff their poverty which is bordering on starvation, but in the description of which we must make great allowance for Wolff, he continues:

"One of the rabbis remarked to me," says Mr. Wolff, "none of the Jews scattered in the world expect, or have reason to expect, the Messiah with more anxiety, than those Jews scattered about Persia; for the Gentiles in Persia do not only compel us to pay heavy tribute, but they have likewise set over us task-masters, to afflict us with their burdens; every Persian is a Haman to us. They make us serve with rigor; we must work for them without being paid; and, like Pharaoh of old hey make our lives bitter with hard bondage. Read the Bible, and see all the children of Israel have suffered, as well in Egypt as in Babel, and you will then know well what we suffer here. Oh! what we suffer in Persia cannot be described! The father goes daily with fear to the market-place; for he is always in fear that, whilst he is buying bread for his family, the prince or the governor has carried away his daughter for the harem, or his little son to make him an ennuch. Not long ago, eight Jewish girls were taken at Shiraz by the express order of the Shah! At Ispahan five daughters of Israel were taken for the harem of the governor! They are all lost to the pa rents forever; for we cannot go and say, give us back our daughters! By what crimes have we then deserved this furious intolerance? what is our guilt? is it in that generous constancy which we have manifested in defending the laws of our fathers? But this constancy ought to have entitled us to the admiration of all nations, and it has only sharpened against us the dagger of persecution-braving all kinds of torments, the pangs of death, the still more terrible pangs of life!

Mr. Southgate, in his travels in Turkey and Persia, says thus :-

" I conversed repeatedly and freely with the Chacham, or chief rabbi, and others of their chief men, and was struck more deeply than ever with the terrible fulfillment of prophecy in their instance.* They are extremely ignorant, and wear that cringing and slavish demeanor which is every where the badge of oppression. They know little even about themselves. They dress like the Persians, and when abroad speak Persian or Turkish, but at home Hebrew. I asked the rabbi whether they had

their aucestors came to this country. He said that they belonged to the tribe of Judah, and were descended from the Jews who were brought captive into these regions. 'And where are the ten tribes?' I lasked. 'A part of them are in Bokhara, t and the rest are scattered.'.... I asked him again why, if they were so oppressed as he represented, they did not remove into some other country? He replied that they could not leave the city without a written permission from the governor, which it was impossible to procure; that, it they attempted to escape, they should be overtaken and brought back, and their mi-ery would be greatly aggravated. They have three synagogues in Hammadan. A fourth had recently been erected, but was at once torn down by the Mussulmans."

Reformed Liturgies.

The awakened consciousness of our modern times in Israel, seems to find the sphere of ideas of former ages partly too narrow, and partly do the adopted notions of our forefathers, on the application of the light of science and a sound critical investigation appear unsound; and points which former ages even thought vital and unquestionable, are found quite unfounded. Thus the ideas of Revelation, of Prophecy, are now viewed in a different light than formerly. The ideas of a Messiah, Resurrection, Restoration of Israel to Palestine and the Temple service with animal sacrifices, are totally exploded. (Our learned colleagues in the East have lately written a series of articles with a view of showing that the Messiah idea was a chimera. We gladly would have discussed the matter, if we thought our readers would have patience to peruse theological discussions, or if our trying post here did allow us time to devote to the subject.)

This change of views in these and other points has called forth a number of changes in practice in private and in public life. In the latter, the synagogue, in all such communities where, with European civilization, time has been bestowed to religious studies in such, the synagogue has adopted new forms, and, for the present, a liturgy from which all such passages and terms that no more squarewith the views entertained by said communities are removed. And as it is hard work to operate with the masses, single congregations have to act single handed,

We thus have separate liturgies for Hamburg, Frankfort, Breslau, Berlin, New York, Baltimore, etc.

In American congregations where the progress is moderate, the Minhag America seems to be introduced gradually. Thus we read that in youthful congregations where a faithful vitality is active, this new liturgy is adopted.

That such introductions must meet with opposition, need not be mentioned; but this can not be avoided. We have at least three parties co-existent simultaneously in the same congregation: the ultras on the side of progress and stability, and the moderates. But we think that that liturgy is the most to be approved which is most devoid of dogmatical tenets; for, Judaism having no dognas. such can at once be accepted by all Jews. Besides, the omission can be more conscientiously acquiesced in than the profession of what, is no more believed by the Jews-the intelligent portion discriminate between the tenets of Judaism and those entertained by the Jews .-

We therefore think, in any community, in cases of difficulties, parties will forego party feeling, and that will be adopted which can best be admitted by all. We think any Israelite can join in the Hamburg, Breslan and even Berlin liturgies while he cannot that used hither-

Unsuccessful in this Life.

The following lines, few as they are contain a key to the solution of a problem that has puzzled many a head-they really contain truths that may cheer many -nay, we more correctly say "few hearts-for characters here described are but "the few among the few"-a heart. The sentiments, as we see from the "Boston Christian Register" are accredited to George S. Hillard.

We ought to have accompanied this with a comment, if our lines had not to be devoted to other business than writ-

I confess that increasing years bring with them an increasing respect for those who do not succeed in life, as those words are commonly used. Heaven is said to be a place for those who have not succeeded upon earth; and it is surely true that celestial graces do not best thrive and bloom in the hot blaze of worldly prosperity. Ill success sometimes rises from superabundance of qualities in themselves good-from a conscience too sensitive, a taste too fastidious, a self-forgetfulness too romantic, a modesty too re-tiring. I will not go so far as to say, with a living poet, that the "world knows nothing of its greatest men," but there are forms of greatness, or at least excel-lence, that "die and make no sign:" there are martyrs that miss the palm, but not the stake; there are heroes without the laurel, and conquerors without the triumph.

NOTICE OF OUR "MEMORIAL ON THE SUNDAY-LAW .- Thanks to the learned editor of the "Israelite" for his remarks regarding our efforts in relation to the Sunday law. He, apparently, is almost the only Israelite who has had time to notice the subject.

What we have done, was no less than we could have done; the manner in which we have done it, was best, considering our state of affairs here-, We therefore, in the words of Prophet Isaiah, 63-3, "have trodden the wine-press alone; and of the people there was no man with us," and unostentatiously and quietly repaired to the proper sphere, at our own responsibility, and, as in other instanaes -at our own expense. The result was such as we could anticipate.

What it Costs.

Unbelievers often grumble about the cost of preachers, who are the poorest paid set of men in the United States, as a whole, with here and there an exception; and who, in order to live, must have donation parties, as though they were paupers, because they are preachers of eter-nal realities. Did such ever think that while it cost but \$12,000,000 to pay and support the clergy, upwards of \$75,000,000 are annually absorbed by the lawyers of the land, while the criminals cost us not less than \$40,000,000 and the dogs in our midst \$10,000,000 and that intoxicating drinks, to say nothing of the misery it causes, costs the nation 280 millions of

Reader, what do you think of the picture! Is it not a true one! Look at our own village for the proof. We are now sustaining four ininisters at an expense of about \$5000, while we have at the same time, not less than thirty five places where ardent spirits are sold, and which are sustained at a cost of not less than \$40,000 annually! Which adds most to the respectability, quiet and desirableness of the place, the ministers and churches, which are maintained at a cost of \$5,000, or the traffic in ardent spirits which is sustained at a cost of 40-000? The citizens of Grass Valley are justly celebrated for their liberality to churches and the like, and we believe they will compare favorably with any community in the State in relation to their general habits of sobriety. Nevertheless it cannot be disputed that the above picture is a true one, and it certainly affords much ground for profitable

AN EXTRAORDINARY DISCOVERY .- The attention of men of science, in Paris, has been drawn to an extraordinary disc ery made in a neighboring department A grave-digger, in throwing up se earth, came upon a body in a state of per. fect preservation. On examination is proved to be that of an individual buried thirty-seven years ago. He had died the effects of a bite of a mad dog. The shroud and the coffin had fallen to the dust, but the body remained intact. This is the third exhumation made within 20 years, of bodies of the victims of hydro. phobia, under similar circumstances; and it would seem that they are beyond the reach of decomposition. The registry of deaths was consulted, and no mention of the embalmment of the body was found.

CONSTANTINA, ALGERRA.-We copy the following from the "Jewish Messen

A missionary gives an account of the Jews at Constantina, from which we

make the following extracts-There are, I have been told by one of themselves whose statement is more to be relied on than any official account, 15. 000 Jews residing in this town besid those in the immediate neighborhood. They have ten synagogues, and three "Jesheboth," or "Beth-ha-Medrashim," -the most respectable of which, the "Medrash," and several others, I have visited. All these synagogues are daily filled, morning and evening, at the time of prayer-what a contrast to the Alsacian Jews, the English, French, or German, who scarcely fill one house of prayer once a

year-on the day of atonement! There are of course many rabbis here, but the Chief Rabbi, appointed by the Government, is a Frenchman. As he does not dress like the African Jews, nor fall into the habits of this country, he is very much disliked by his congregation. He was twice persecuted by his flock and twice brought before the tribunal, because of his shaving, and what was deened still worse, for having committed the grievous sin of walking by the side of his own wife, the latter particularly being considered by his co-religionists of Barbary as a great iniquity. They alleged it was against the law of Moses but having failed to find that prohibition in the Mosaic code, they lost the process, and the rabbi was discharged with impu-

The Jews in Constantina have several streets in the "Quartier Arab," inhabit ed entirely by themselves, yet their habitations are not confined to that quarter. Their language is generally Arabic, but most of them can speak Hebrew, many of the mercantile class are able to express themselves in French. I had great difficulty in my first interviews to understand their Hebrew, as they pro nounce it with an Arabic accent, so the I often supposed that they had spoken Arabic, when it was Hebrew. But the more I begin to understand them, more I learn the peculiar characteristic which distinguish the African Jew from all others, I find them as different from the rest of their brethren, as, in religion and morals the Barbs in general diffe from the Christians, among whom the European Jews are dispersed.

The Jews are not so ignorant * as he French, nor in general such Talmudist the Russian and Polish Jews, but t are great Cabalists. And although German Nihilism has not, as it app crossed the Mediterranean, or at les

*The Narrator means in lege and talmudical lore.

not reached their entire them more s Jews.

MARRIAGE on quitting was attracte Jewish fema plate filled of which was rounded wit phenomenon gious cerem see the pro with achild ting her has three loud s tle company march on. the journey her clamore tions three t last and long ing train ste but nicely c tage, was I company, v side, walke ered arms i selves on th observed, a outside. ing me ga novice, car rajah?" I r in Hebrew seem to 1 "Marhabo look.) In dressed Je and the oth most enve rings, chai with kehol. colored red us, the you companion were cerer in the cer pause, the bride's hai red in an i color, and tion for ei time the

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MARRIAGE CEREMONY. - One afternoon, on quitting my lodgings, my attention was attracted to a little group of four Jewish females, one of them carrying a plate filled with "henna," in the midst of which was a lighted tallow candle, surrounded with eggs. This extraordinary henomenon, I thought, must be a reli rious ceremony. I therefore stopped to see the proceedings. Another Jewess, with achild in her arms, arrived, and putting her hand to her chin she uttered three loud shrieks as a signal for the little company, headed by an old Jew, to march on. Before reaching the end of the journey, the female crier repeated her clamorous and trightful gesticulations three times, when she uttered the last and longest the constantly augmenting train stopped. A small windowless, but nicely carpeted and illuminated cottage, was here arranged to receive the company, who, leaving their sandals out side, walked barefooted, and with uncovered arms into the hut, and seated themselves on the floor. A strict silence was observed, and "quahna" was preparing outside. One of the attendants observing me gazing with the curiosity of a novice, came forward and said "Ovan rajah?" I replied with another question in Hebrew, "Ma zott?" As she did not seem to understand me, she rejoined, "Marhabo bick," (thou art welcome to look.) In the meantime, two gaily dressed Jewesses (one about seventeeu and the other thirteen years of age (almost enveloped in necklaces, bracelets, rings, chains, their eyebrows blackened with kehol, and their fingers and toe-nails colored red with the henna, approached us, the younger being the bride, and her companion being the bridesmaid. They were ceremoniously received, and seated in the centre of the room. After a pause, the bridesmaid began to wash the bride's hair with henna, which turned it red in an instant, and it was to retain the color, and remain in a dislevelled condition for eight days, at the end of which time the rabbi would perform the religious ceremony of the marriage, which had already been performed by the civil authorities. During this "Minhag," the bride's relations and friends cried bitterly, and the rest talked and laughed loud-

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Personal.—Application for the permission to insert personal articles has to to be made, not at our office, but to the parties most concerned in such publications. Our friends must be satisfied if we point out to them the same course which we lately thought our duty to pursue ourselves.

WE dasire to call the attention of our readers to the fact, that the MELODEON TROUPE have returned from their recent successful tour through the Interior, and are to be found nightly, at the spacious and properly renovated building, Montgomery street opposite Metropolitan Block.

LIVING.—It is easy in the world to live after the world's opinion, it is easy in solitude to live after our own; but the great man is he, who in the midst of the crowd keeps with perfect sweetness the independence of solitude.

ALTHOUGH women are supposed to be the talkative sex, it is not less true that in learning a foreign tongue, men acquire more readily the faculty for speaking it; while ladies understand it better and sooner when spoken

St. Vitus's DANCE.—The following is an account of the strange disease called St. Vitus' dance, and the origin of the name which was given to it:

Hocker, in his work on the "Epidemics of the Middle Ages, reports the appearance, in the year 1027, of a disease among some peasants in Germany, where they were observed to suffer from a convulsive motion of the limbs, occasioning strange and involuntary gesticulation.—
Again, in 1237, upwards of one hundred children were seized with the same ma-nia at Erfurt. In 1278 two hundred persons danced upon the bridge at Utrecht till the bridge gave way, and they were drowned; but the grand eruption of the dancing plague occurred in 1374, at Aix-la Chapelle, where many great assem-blages of men and women were seen in the streets suffering in this manner. A few months after this disease had spread over the Netherlands from Aix-la-Chapelle, where it was called St. John's Dance and St. Vitus' Dance. It is probable that the former name was derived from the mania originating amid the revels of St John's Day. The latter was derived from cures effected at the chapel's of St. Vitus, near Nabern and Rotestein, when the priests, working upon the imagination of the patients, dispossessed them of their infatuations by religious ceremonies. At the beginning of the sixteenth century it diminished greatly, and soon after the close of that century. disappeared. Such is the origin of the name St. Vitus' Dance, which is now transferred to a disease different from that just described, but which may, nevertheless, be its degenerate descendant.

OLDEST MAN IN AMERICA.—We notice by the Cassville, Ga. Standard, that there is now living in Murray county Ga., on the waters of Holly Creek, a Revolution veteran, who has attained the age of one hundred and thirty-four. His name is John Hames. He is known throughout the region in which he lives by the appelative "Gran'sir Hames."—Gran'sir is contracted for Grand Sire. A grand sire he truly is. As I was on my way to visit this reliet of the expired 18th century, I inquired of an oldish gen tleman of about sixty if he knew him. "Oh yes, I know him," said he, "he is my grandfather!"

John Hames was born in Mecklenburgh county, Virginia, and was a lad ten years old when Washington was in his cradle. He was thirty-two when Braddoc met his disastrous defeat in the Monongahela. He, with several of his neighbors, set forth to join the headstrong and ill-fated commander, but after several days' march, were turned back by the news of his overthrow. He emigrated to South Carolina nearly a hundred years ago. He was in thirteen considerable conflicts during the war of in dependence, and in skirmishes and rencounters with Indians, with tories, and with British, times beyond memory. He was with Gates at Camden, with Morgan at the Cowpens, with Green at Hillsboro and Eutaw, and with Marion in many a bold rush into a tory camp or red-coat quarters.

D. SALOMONS, ESQ., LATE LORD MAYOR OF LONDON.—We rejoice to find that justice is being done to this truly national Israelite. A letter was received by Alderman Hale, the Chairman of the city of London School, from our higly esteemed co-religionist, stating that as a memento of his having held the office of Lord Mayor, he intended endowing the City of London School with a sum of \$5000, the interest to be applied to the education of a youth chosen from among the pupils of that excellent institution .- In consideration of this munificent act, and as a mark of the esteem in which Mr. Salomons was held, it was unanimously resolved, "That a bust of the donor. executed at the expense of the city, should be placed in a conspicuous position in the School Building, in order that the rising generation may know to whom they are indebted for so kind a mark of favor."—We understand that the worthy Alderman has already established a scholarship of the value of \$250 a-year in the same institution, for the benefit of pupils proceeding to one of the universities. proceeding to one of the universities.

TOBACCO-USING SCHOOL TEACHERS. J. C. B. asks us to declaim against the employment of school teachers who are addicted to the use of tobacco. The example is quite as pernicious as our correspondent seems to imagine, but the remedy is a vexed question. We confess we see very little hope of reforming confirmed tobacco sots. They will, probably, with few exceptions, live and die in their sottishness. Our only hope is with the rising generation. And here we have to deplore the fact that appearances are sadly against us. Young men and boys ard becoming more and more addicted to the vile and filthy practice; and what the end will be, God only knows. When all the youth of our land become tobac co-users (should that fatal hour ever come)our country will be rapidly degenerating to barbarism, and our humanity as rapidly sinking down to brutishness. We cannot regard a school teacher, nor a physician, nor a clergyman, as truly fitted for his high and responsible calling who in any way defiles himself with tobacco; yet there are many in each profession who are as much the slaves to the narcotic excitant as the drunkard is to the de mon of the bowl. It is undoubtedly the duty of Boards of Education to keep our Seminaries of learning, especially our primary schools, clear of the nuisance of tobacco-smoke and tobacco-spittle, and tobacco using examples, but, most unfor tunately, Boards of Education are too frequently involved in the same condem-Onr government fosters tobaccoraising as an important branch of national industry; our farmers, even in Puritan New England, are fast turning their attention to the raising of tobacco instead of grain, because, forsooth, the tobacco crop brings the most money in the market; and our wealthy and fashionable people generally set the example of chewing and smoking, so that, on the whole, the prospect is by no means flattering. We can, however, work and pray, "while it is called to-day."—Life Illustrated.

DEATHS IN NEW YORK IN 1857.—The number was 23,196. Of this number, 15,757 were under ten years of age, and 9004 of them under one year.

"There were 427 premature births (and five times as many that never came to official report) and 1509 stillborn, making 8½ per cent of the recorded mortality."

This ratio of infant mortality is seventy two per cent. The ratio in 1847 was hardly 51 per cent.

FRANCE.—In many towns of France the appellation Rue des Juifs is still attached, to streets formerly inhabited by Israelites. Through the initiative taken by some consistories and the directors of the "Archives Is raelites," it is hoped that this melancholy relic of ancient intolerance will gradually be obliterated.

We are at a loss to know what can be gained by changing the names of the old Jewries. They belong not to the domain of history and archæologie, and as such we should say they ought rather to be preserved than obliterated. We, too, have in London our old Jewry and Jewin Streets. They speak to us volumes, and we should not like to see their names changed for any price.—[Jewish Chronicle.

CANADA.—At the re-election which recently took place. Mr. Benjamin, who possessed a seaf in the last local parliament, was again returned by his constituents as their representative in the new house.

THE ROYAL MANCHESTER INSTITUTION.—An exhibition of modern pictures in oil and water colors, sculpture, casts, designs, &c., will take place at the institution after the closing of the Royal Academy. Our talented co-religionist, Edward Salomous, whose architectural designs have obtained for him a position in the highest grade of his profession, acts as honorary secretary to the institution.

Paris.—The "Univers Israelites" enumerates several co-religionists who have been decorated by the Sultan with the order of the Medidie.

ALGIERS.—M. Mark Gougenheim has left in his will 20,000 fr., to be distributed among the poor of Algiers.—Jews, Christians, and Mahometans.

To Our Children.

"He giveth food to all flesh; for his mercy endureth for ever. O! give thanks unto the God of heaven; for his mercy endureth for ever." Psalms exxxvi: 25.

"For all things come from Thee, and of thy own have we given Thee," I Chr. xxix: 14.

"Trust in him at all times, O ye people! pour out your heart before Him: God is a refuge for us." Ibid. lxii: 9.

"But if from there thou wilt seek the Lord thy God, thou shalt find Him, if thou seek him with all thy heart and all thy soul." Deut. iv: 29.

"Seek ye the Lord while he may be found, call upon Him while He is near. Let the wicked forsake his way, and the unrighteous man his thoughts; and let him return unto the Lord and He will have mercy on him, and to our God, for He will pardon abundantly." Isa. lv:6.

"But in my distress I called upon the Lord, and cried unto my God, and he heard my voice from his temple, and my cry came before Him, into his ears." Ps. xviii: 6.

PAYNENTS.—In acknowledging the receipt of payments from Mr. N. Fish, formerly of Nevada, for a number of subscribers at that city, we again reiterate our sincere thanks to that gentleman for his generous and disinterested efforts in behalf of the "Gleaner." Had we many such friends, we could have existed with less cares and anxieties.

RECEIPTS

In acknowledging the receipt from Mr. N. Fish, formerly of Nevada, we again reiterate our thanks to that gentleman, for his efforts in behalf of the "Gleaner."

BINT PHE

In Sacramento, May 28th, the wife of Simon Greenewald, of a son.

In Sacramento, June 3d, the wife of Herman Greenebaum, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES

In this city, May 30th, by Rev. Dr. Henry, Mr. Samuel Barnett to Miss Rosa Piser, both of this city.

NEW ADVERTIGEMENTS.

Melodeon Troupe

The management beg to announce to their kind friends of San Francisco, that this Favorite Place of Amusement having been re-decorated and made in every way more comfortable. All the OLD PACES will have the sincere pleasure of re-appearing in their

UNIQUE ENTERTAINMENTS!

And will use their utmost endeavors to please their innumerable patrons.

Their success in Sacramento and Marysville, during their absence, has been unprecedented, and has placed another stamp on the seal of approbation they feel so proud in having placed upon them by the public of San

Performance every evening, from 8 to 11 o'clock. j4-1m

NEW YORK HOTEL,

BACHMAN & ENGLANDER, Proprietors.

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feb12.G4m

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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. feb12-G3r

DANAHER & SCHMIDT, FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS, Embroideries, Laces and Ribbons, 119 Montgomery-street,

SAN FRANCISCO. TH. E. SCHMIDT.

P. H. DANAHER. jan 29-G&V8m

STOLZ & CRANER,

Dealers in FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, Embroidery, Trimmings and Hosiery, IN GREAT VARIETY, -No. 147 Sacramento-atr

"all and judge as to prices.

jan29.G , V2m

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Yankee Notions, Fancy Goods, Playing Cards, Cutlery, Perfumery, Gold Dust Bags, Gent's Furnishing Goods, &c., No. 86 California.street, between Sansome and Battery,

Constantly on hand an assortment of Hart's, Cohem's, cougherty's, Crehore's and Fisk's Playing Cards. 8. HASE 7. ROSHNFELD. S. HAS feb26G.3m

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HAVING COMPLETED THEIR NEW
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call the attention of the public and the trade to the magnifocut stock of Confectionery they can now offer, manufactured expressly for the Canifornia and Pacific trade. Having
been practically eggaged in the business in this city the
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BY E. R. S.

CHAPTER III.

Honr after hour passed away, and all were buried in sleep except Naomi and her falthful daughter-in-law. On the brow of the hill they still remained in deep converse on high and holy matters; for Ruth had asked her mother to instruct her in the faith of Israel.

Her memory stored with the traditions of her people, Naomi poundered into the wondering ear of the young Moabitess the extraordinary history of her race. She spoke of the pure first pair—of their joys and sorrows—of the tremendous deluge which cleared the earth of its inhabitants -of faithful Abraham, Isaac and Jacob of the dealings of God with the Egyptians, for the sake of his own enslaved peoole. She painted his love for them, which led them through the Red Seatheir long and wandering journey—and told of Moses, who led them on their petold of Moses, who led them on their perilous way into the promised land which lay before them. When the heart of her young proselite bounded with joy at the thought of being numbered with a people so favored by a powerful God, Naomi said—"Nay, fall not into that error which has been fatal to so many of my tribe. Lebevek is a God of love and has tribe. Jehovah is a God of love, and has showered down blessings upon us, and has placed us in this lovely land, but presume not on this—forget not my daughter, he is also a God of justice, and spares his own, even his chosen, when they [The Dead Sea, now occupying the area on which Sodom and Gomorrah slood], is an awful monument of his justice. See, far ahead-around-its waters spreadall that waste space was once a lovely valley decked with many a city and goodly palaces—now all destroyed by fire and rolling waves. Over its sombre silent waters, never has vessel sailed or aught living passed; for, below, in its vast depths these cities lie, strewn with the bones of their guilty dead. Old men have said, in their young days, those few who have been bold enough to penetrate the deserts and barren rocks which bound its polluted shores, have, when the sun shone strong upon its surface, dimly seen columns and roofs and porticoes far be-neath." Ruth clung to Naomi's side in silent dread. "Even his servant.—Moses, God spared not. Moses, his chosen leader of the Israelites, who so faithfully served him in the dreary wilderness, once failed in duty, and as an example, was not suffered to enter the land of promise. Daughter, seest thou you dark mountain, dusky Nebo, [The mount on which Moses died] upon whose top daylight is just breaking? There Moses climbed and gazed upon the home of his people, which he had so striven to reach, but which he was never to enter; and upon that Jordan he was never to pass. How he must then have mourned that weakness which, after all his toils, gave to another [Josuah] the glory and victory. In the reces ses of that mountain, great Moses laid himself down and died."

"The God of Israel is a terrible God,"

whispered the awed Ruth.

"Only to those who err, my child. Were we but farther on our journey, I could point thee out the spot where the pure remnant of our tribe reaped their reward. Oh, could I have beheld them as they crossed Jordan! What a glorious sight, my child! At God's command, the waters parted-our priests led the way, bearing the holy ark of the covenant, which in turns they held in the river's bed until the people of Israel passed. There were the sons of Levi in their snowy robes—the tribes of Reuben, Gad and Manasseh, armed for battle—the children of Issachar with their tents, and the sons of princely Joseph.

"A wondrous show, indeed, mother."

"And when we shall pass the Jordan's banks, I will point out the towers of ruined Jerico—what a glorious array was there, my daughter! How must the hearts of its people have sank within them when they beheld our numerous host our glittering warriors and train of priests bearing the ark and other symbols[signs]

silence around the devoted city; in silence unbroken save by the trumpet's warning note. The funeral march and death trump ceased not until the seventh day, when, one mighty shout went up from all the host, and with a sounding crash, the walls of Jerico lay low .- 'Happy art thou, Oh Israel I who is like to thee, saith Moses. Oh, people, saved by the Lord, the shield of thy help, and the sword of thy excellence-thy enemies shall be found liars unto thee, and thou shalt tread upon high places!""

CHAPTER IV.

With mingled emotions of joy and sorrow, Naomi stood upon the shores of the Jordan. That stream, so celebrated in the history of her nation, told of home and country, and she remembered the day when she had passed it with her husband and children—but now she returned poor, lonely and old. Repressing these feelings, she plucked for Ruth the oleanders, myrtle, and tamarinds with which its borders were adorned, and pointed out to her notice the broken walls and ruined fanes of Jerico; never to be rebuilt under pain of a heavy curse. A dark spot were these gloomy ruins on the fair plains which stretched around it, rich with ripened harvest, and gay with anemonies and the famed rose of Jerico.

A toilsome journey through hills and ravines, brought them in sight of Jerusalem. Then did the heart of the aged Jewess bound with pride and joy, while directing the eyes of the young stranger to that majestic mount of marble and gold, Here our authoress renders herself guilty of a gross anachronism] glowing in the bright sun of Judeah—and, used as Ruth was to the glorious palaces and cities of her own sunny Moab, she yet could not restrain an exclamation of wonder and delight as this magnificent city met her view. Refreshed by this sight, Naomi pressed on with new vigor, and in a few hours tears of tenderness and grief were on her cheek, for she gazed upon her native Bethlehem. Their haven was attained. Yon green hill, clothed with rich graceful clusters of stately white buildings, is indeed her home, but where were ose whose noble forms were at her side when ten years before she left these walls? The gate of Betlehem was a noble structure, whose cool, deep arch was the favorite resort of the citizens, who met to talk over the news of the day, or gaze up-on the strangers who passed through. There were clustered many of the friends of the bereaved widow, who gazed upon her with earnest eyes as she rodealong. Time and sorrow had done much to change her, but she was known at last.

"Naomi! can it be!" they cried.
"Welcome, loug lost Naomi—thy name speaks truly now, for pleasant art thou to

our sight once more.

"Call me not Naomi, my friends," said the widow—call me Mara, for bitterly had the Lord dealt with me. I went out full, and the Lord brought me home empty. Why then call ye me Naomi, seeing the Lord hath testified against me, and the Almighty had afflicted me!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

SPECIAL MOTICES.

Congregation Emanu-El.

At a Special Meeting of the Congregation Emanu-Ei held A pril 11th, 1858, the following Mr. M. Morgenthau, member of said Congre-

"Having written to Dr. Greenebaum in Landau false allegations and slanderous language against the individual members of this Congregation, thereby tending to place the Congregation in a corrupt and dishonorable

At a Special Meeting held May 9th, the above charges were sustained, and M. Morgenthau was by a Resolution of said meeting found guilty of gross misconduct, upon which the following Resolution was carried by a vote of 56 aver to 16 naver.

of 56 ayes to 16 nays:

Resolved, That M. Morgenthan be and is hereby suspended from all the rights and privileges of a member, for the space of three months; and that these proceedings be noblished in the Weerly Gleaner for one month.

HENRY SELIGNAN, LOUIS COHN,

A Card.

In justice to myself, I would say, the "gross misconduct," of which I was found guilty, and for which I have been suspended from my rights and privileges as a member of the Congregation Emanu-El, for the space of three months, was for writing a letter to Dr. Greene. for writing a letter to Dr. Greenebaum of Landau, in August last, which I did conscientiously, and confined the facts to truth. That out of about 150 members, of which 77 were present at the meeting, 56 were willing to find me guilty, does not in the least surprise me, as the truth told is very naturally not agree able to many of those who voted against me. M. Morgenthau.

San Francisco, May 27, 1858. Im*

Programme Exercises Hebrew Young Men's

Literary Association. June 20th-Lecture. "Religion and Sci.

ence," by Rev. Dr. Henry. Essay, by S. Solomons.

July 4th-Debate, "Ought the Israelite of California to oppose a Sunday Law Enactment?"

N. B. This Debate will take place, at the Rooms, between gentlemen who have volunteered for this purpose, and whose views differ materially thereupon.

The regular monthly meeting will be held at the Rooms, on Sunday June 6th, at 11 o'clock A. M. The Committee is requested to meet at 101/2 o'clock A. M. By order of the Pre-A. NEWBERGER, Secretary.

Congregation Emanu-El.

Those desirous of co-operating in the fe a choir for the Congregation Emanu.el, will please send A. GODCHAUX, their address to 82 California stree m14.2w

Ophir Lodge, No. 21, I. O. B. B

Meets every Wednesday Evening, at 7 o'clock, at Temperance Hall, Washington street. Members of the Order are invited to attend. M. L. PINCUS, President.

J. CARO, Secretary.

Chebrath Bikur Cholim Ukodsha

This Society will hold its Regular Meetings at the Ha
fthe Sons of Temperance, on Washington-street, between
Montgomery and Sansome, every second Sunday in each
month, at 7 o'clock, P. M., precisely.
L. KING, President.

SIMON CRANEB, Secretary

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